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 PUBLIC HEALTH LAW
 Building and Supporting

 CONFERENCE
 Healthy Communities for All

Sep. 21-23, 2021 PHLC2021.org #PHLC2021

UBIQUITOUS EXTERNALITIES: THE ENVIRONMENTAL INJUSTICE OF SINGLE-USE PLASTIC TOBACCO WASTE



9/22/2021

PRESENTERS

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WHAT ARE WE TALKING ABOUT?

- Plastic waste
- Hazardous waste
- Environmental [in]justice





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PLASTIC WASTE

- Cigarette filters
 - Made of plastic, degrades into microplastics
- E-cigarettes
 - Cartridges, plastic casing, etc.
- Tobacco product packaging
 - Cigar wrappers, cigar tips, pouches

World Africa Americas Asia Australia China Europe India Middle East United Kingdom

Microplastics found in gut of every sea turtle in new study

By Matthew Robinson, CNN ③ Updated 9:43 AM ET, Wed December 5, 2018

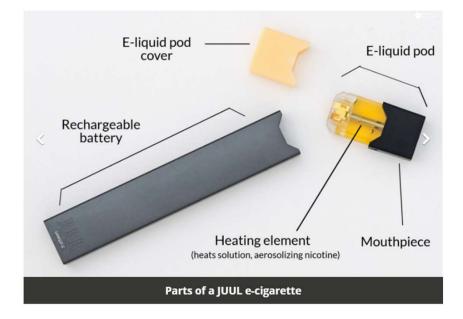




LIVE TV Editio

HAZARDOUS WASTE E-CIGARETTES/VAPES

- Nicotine
 - Acute hazardous waste—extremely toxic
 - to humans at low doses
- Batteries
 - Hazardous waste, fire and explosion risk
- Metals
 - Leaching of cobalt and other toxic metals



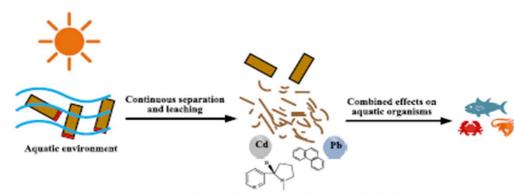


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Credit: King County, WA Dept. of Public Health

TOXIC/HAZARDOUS WASTE CIGARETTE BUTTS

- Nicotine
- Metals and heavy metals
- Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs)
- Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs)
- Thousands of additional chemicals



Unignorable microplastic fiber and toxic chemicals



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Credit: Shen et al., Smoked cigarette butts: Unignorable source for environmental microplastic fibers, Science of the Total Environment 791 (2021)

ENVIRONMENTAL INJUSTICE RETAILER DENSITY

- Waste and pollution from tobacco products collects
 around tobacco retailers
- Tobacco retail density is greatest in communities of color and low-income communities





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Credit: San Francisco Dept. of Public Health

ENVIRONMENTAL INJUSTICE RESOURCE ALLOCATION

- Fewer government resources are expended to clean up waste in communities of color and low-income communities
- Landfills and incinerators disproportionately located in and near communities of color and low-income communities
- Greater exposure to sources of pollution of all types in communities of color and low-income communities



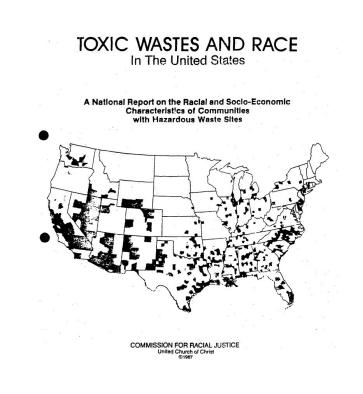


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Image Credits: Tobacco-Free CA; Break Free from Plastic

ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE ENVIRONMENTAL RACISM

- Race is the characteristic with the strongest correlation to density and proximity to polluting industries and hazardous waste sites
- Environmental justice is "the fair treatment and meaningful involvement of all people regardless of race, color, national origin, or income, with respect to the development, implementation, and enforcement of environmental laws, regulations, and policies."



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Image Credit: Commission for Racial Justice, United Church of Christ

ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE ENVIRONMENTAL RACISM

- Tobacco retail density is an environmental justice issue
- Tobacco product waste is an environmental justice issue





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Image Credit: Dr. Chingwen Cheng, ASLA Professional Practice EJ Survey

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Tobacco Product Waste

Ubiquitous Externalities: The Environmental Injustice of Single-Use Plastic Tobacco Waste





Overview

- Exploring solutions led to unexpected discovery
- Coordinated a state response
- ➤ Local efforts



25.9%

Current High School vaping



Where did Colorado start







The problem





- > Batteries
- > Plastics
- > Electronics
- > Containers



Guidance Documents

- Business, Government and Schools
- > Schools
- ➤ Business



Business, Government, and Schools

Vaping Liquids, E-Cigarettes and Nicotine Waste Guidance



Vaping Liquids, E-cigarettes and Nicotine Wastes

Guidance for businesses, government agencies and schools handling nicotine-containing wastes

Vaping liquid, the solution used in electronic cigarettes, is also known as E-liquid, E-juice, Efluid, or liquid nicotine. Discarded vaping liquid may present a significant risk to human health and the environment if improperly disposed. Other nicotine-containing wastes, including electronic cigarettes themselves (E-cigarettes), nicotine gum and nicotine patches, also present health and safety risks.

Businesses, government agencies and schools handling any of these wastes must comply with the hazardous waste regulations administered by the State of Colorado Hazardous Materials and Waste Management Division (the "division").

Information regarding hazardous waste requirements in Colorado can be located on the division's website (see end of this guidance).

Nicotine-containing wastes regulated by the division

All waste discarded by a business, government agency or school that contains any concentration of nicotine, may be considered an acute hazardous waste in Colorado. Examples of these wastes include:

- Vaping liquid that contains nicotine.
- Shipping or storage containers or E-cigarette cartridges that held nicotine or nicotinecontaining vaping liquid that have not been triple-rinsed, even if they look empty.
- Rinse water from rinsing nicotine and vaping liquid containers.
- Vaping liquid spill cleanup materials.
- E-cigarettes, whether used or not, unless the vaping liquid reservoirs have been removed.
- Unused nicotine gum.
- Unused nicotine patches.

There is no minimal amount or concentration of nicotine-containing material that is exempt from regulation.



School



Guidance for Schools on storing and disposing of nicotine waste

Draft Copy

Guidance for Colorado Schools about Storage and Disposal of Nicotine Waste

The use of electronic nicotine devices/vapes by youth is a serious health concern and a disruption to learning. Proper disposal of confiscated electronic nicotine devices/vapes can reduce the risk of nicotine exposure on school grounds.

Keep your school safe from hazardous Nicotine waste materials found in vape/electronic smoking devices and e-liquid by:

- Collecting Nicotine waste in containers made of, or lined with, materials which will not react with, and that will be compatible with, the hazardous waste collected.
- Labeling or marking containers with the words "Hazardous Waste".
- Storing containers in a safe place and in a manner that avoids leaks until they can be properly disposed of.
- Properly dispose of waste materials, keeping storage limits to less than 2.2 pounds of Nicotine waste.
- Sending containers to an off-site facility authorized by Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment to manage hazardous waste. For more information, contact the solid waste authority in your community listed below.

Never place nicotine-containing waste into the typical trash. These items are harmful to the environment when disposed incorrectly.

Waste containing any concentration of nicotine is considered acutely hazardous as it only takes a small amount of nicotine to be lethal for a human or small animal.

Examples of Nicotine Hazardous Waste that should be disposed of properly in the appropriate containers:

- Vaping liquid that contains nicotine.
- E-cigarettes (i.e. Puff Bar, Juul, Vuse or Mod type) whether used or not, unless the vaping liquid reservoirs have been removed.
- E-cigarette cartridges (i.e. Juul pod) that held nicotine-containing vaping liquid, even if they look empty.
- Vaping liquid spill and cleanup materials.

The Colorado Department of Education and Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment, recommend schools confiscate electronic nicotine products (i.e. Puff Bar Juul, Vuse, and Mod type) as one of the best practice strategies to address the youth vaping epidemic and to enforce the Colorado Tobacco Free Schools Law.

Consistent implementation of all recommended best practices er of the law and supports the tobacco free school laws across the



COLORADO

Business

Guidance for Vape Shops and Tobacco Retailer/Manufacture





Tobacco Product Waste Tsunami

Environmental Justice

ENVIRONMENTAL CONSIDERATIONS FOR TOBACCO PRODUCT APPLICATIONS SUBMITTED TO CTP



Presented by Cristi Stark, M.S. Associate Director for Science Policy Office of Science, CTP, FDA

August 2016



State Program Efforts







Waste Tracker 1.0

Organization	Date Range Collected	Collected from	What was collected	Device Type	Brand		Name of Brand/Type not listed	Photograph of Items Collected
Boulder		School		Disposable		9		
								Kunoo Haaraa Kaaraa Kaaraa



Local Efforts

Boulder/Jefferson County/Summit



"Hurts the Environment"

Boulder Instagram message



Vapes are horrible for the environment.



Vapor typically contain lithium-isn hastanting, heavy metals, and plastics like other electronic wasts, they should be upoid ally in gradesi to containe reasources and limit pollution. But they are often literation or finises in the garbage. A recent study found in early 20% of litter of CA high should all comes from on-cigaratte.

Disposable vapes like Puff Bar, Mylé, Stig and Visco pose he biggest finest. They are used only once an drhan siscarded with field batteries, plastic, and metal parts. From 2019 to 2020, disposable use wert up 1000% among high schoolars who vape.

Must vape companies do not provide ada quate services or information on how to properly dispose of their products. Alm out all containliquid relating, which is recognized by the IPA as hexand ous waits. With the and other harmful substances, edigentis litere ouse a biohexand risk to the contributions.

The #vapesaretrash campaign and youth challenge

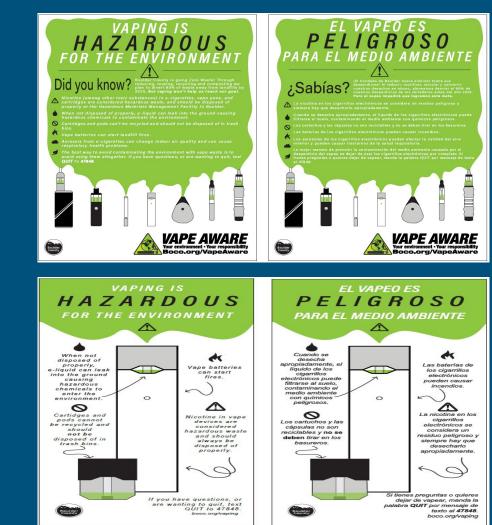
See vape litter. Snap a photo. Share it to Instagram!

Parents Ag ainst Yaping a-cig antitis (FAVia) has masked a usergenerated content comparign via our youth rititative SAVia, unging young paople to ruise avernames about the antivormanial impact of adgaranteu by documenting vapa literin that own communities. By following our official rules and posterin that own communities. By what a pristerior subainable company NAE CO.

See more and join the challenge on I nata gram at @Students_againat_vaping!







Jefferson County Schools Parent/Guardian Policy Violation Flyer

Notice of Student Tobacco Policy Violation Information for Parents/Guardians

This document includes information about your student's recent violation of the Tobacco Free Schools' Policy. Minor possession and use of any form of tobacco, including the use of electronic smoking devices (referred to here as vapes, vaping devices, e-cigarettes and JUULs) is prohibited by State law and Jeffco Public Schools' policy (see http://bit.ly/IPS code of conduct). Lakewood High School requires students who violate the policy to adhere to disciplinary procedures including, *but not limited to*, alternatives to suspension and/or in school suspension, with completion of the Second Chance online tobacco/nicotine intervention modules. If you have questions or wish to discuss the violation or disciplinary response, contact [FILL IN APPOPRIATE NURSE OR ADMIN CONTACT HERE].

All Tobacco/Nicotine Use is Hazardous

- Tobacco use is the single greatest cause of preventable death in Colorado. All forms of commercial tobacco/nicotine pose risks to health and can cause serious, debilitating chronic diseases.
- Nicotine is toxic and addictive and can disrupt brain development in youth/young people, causing
 cognitive impairment, memory disruption, difficulty with impulse control and behavioral problems.
- Nicotine may also prime the brain for addiction, putting young people at risk of other addictions.
 For more info: <u>https://www.drugabuse.gov/publications/drugfacts/cigarettes-other-tobacco-products</u>

E-cigarettes/Vapes/JUULs - Health and Safety Hazards

- Use of electronic smoking devices/yapes/jUULs can result in a number of serious health risks, including addiction and vaping-related lung disease. The aerosol from vaping devices is not harmless water vapor, but contains heavy metals, ultrafine particles that can be inhaled deeply into the lungs, volatile organic compounds, cancer-causing chemicals and other toxins. For more information: https://e-cigarettes.surgeongeneral.gov/knowtherisks.html.
- E-cigarettes/vape devices, including JUULs as well as the nicotine liquid ("e-juice") they may contain, are considered hazardous waste and need to be stored and disposed of safely. The batteries and other components of the devices require special handling and have been known to explode, causing burns, fires and other risks to people, animals and property. Liquid nicotine is poisonous and has caused illness and death in pets and small children who have come into context with it. For more information: https://www.childrenssafetynettvork.org/infographics/e-cigarette-poisoning.

What Parents/Guardians Can Do

- Discuss rules and expectations with/for your student regarding tobacco/nicotine, alcohol, other drugs and other challenging/risky behaviors. Be clear about the consequences and follow through with them when rules are broken. Visit <u>www.speaknowcolorado.org</u> for helpful information and resources.
- Encourage and model positive behaviors and choices. Ask for their ideas, and listen to them. Remind them that they're important to you and build trust through healthy communication. For guidance and resources visit <u>www.twelvetalks.com</u>
- Minimize exposure at home. Teens who are exposed to alcohol, marijuana, prescription
 medications and other drugs in the home are more likely to use these substances.
- Visit <u>www.tobaccofreeco.org</u> to learn about tobacco use/vaping and to get help with quitting tobacco/nicotine for the young person in your life, or even for yourself.
- Contact Colorado Crisis Services if you feel you or your young person is in need of more immediate counseling assistance at 1-844-493-8255.



Jefferson County Policy Matrix

Policy Making Body	Level/Type of Policy	Purpose/Priority	Limits, barriers and enablers
School District	Protocol/Policy	Directive to school staff regarding confiscation, handling, storage and transport of ESD waste	Barriers: cost to dispose of as a hazardous waste at the school or district level Enablers: if there were funds derived from assessing a fee for retailers and manufacturers to defray the cost of safe disposal
Board of Health	Resolution/Regulation	ESD hazardous waste and safe handling, storage and disposal of ESD waste Establish processes and requirements for localities and/or ESD retailers/manufacturers to assure safe storage and disposal of products	
Municipal/County Governments	Ordinance/Regulation/Code	Addresses the local problem of ESD hazardous waste as part of best practice/comprehensive approaches to tobacco/nicotine use;	

Take-back Events









<u>E-cigarette Waste</u> Deposit/refund programs (fee added to product price that is recouped when item is returned)

<u>E-cigarette Waste</u> Hazardous waste compliance

<u>Tobacco Product Waste</u> Litter Education Campaign

<u>Tobacco Product Waste</u> Mitigation fees (a fee added to product price to offset cost of dealing with improper disposal)

<u>Tobacco Product Waste</u> Outdoor Comprehensive use restrictions



Questions

Terry Rousey, MPH terry.rousey@state.co.us





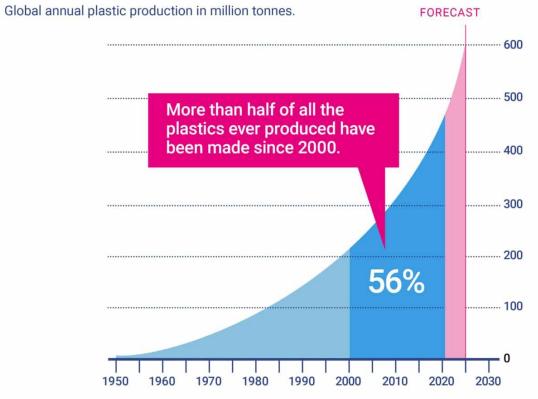
CHESAPEAKE LEGAL ALLIANCE

Legal Approaches to Ending Single-Use Plastic Pollution

Angela Haren, Senior Attorney September 22, 2021 Public Health Law Conference

The Problem

PRODUCTION OF PLASTIC





SOURCE: PLASTIC ATLAS 2019 | © PLASTIC SOUP FOUNDATION

Impact on Human Health

- Microplastics
- Shown to bioaccumulate in fish tissue
- Process to make plastic causes pollution
- Trash incinerators/disposal
- Disproportionate impacts on low-income and people of color.





Photo Credit: Dave Harp, Bay Journal

The Mode of Conveyance

- Stormwater
- Intensity of storms increasing
- Recycling Fiction





End of Pipe Solutions

- Does nothing to reduce the amount of trash.
- Ignore the upstream issues and neighborhoods.
- Only benefit downstream.







Clean Ups

- Great Team Building and Education.
- Do nothing to reduce the amount of trash.
- Ignore the upstream issues and neighborhoods.
- Cigarettes Butts #1 Item Found.







2020 DATA AT A GLANCE

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Topline Data

 People
 221,589

 Pounds
 5,229,065

 Kilograms
 2,371,864

 Miles
 49,635

 Kilometers
 79,880

 Total Items
 8,066,072

Tiny Trash Items measuring less than 2.5cm Foam Pieces 364,218 Glass Pieces 81,002 Plastic Pieces 1,685,206

				1
	1	Cigarette Butts	964,521	
	2	Beverage Bottles (plastic)	627,014	
	3	Food Wrappers (candy, chips, etc.)	573,534 🎾	
	4	Other Trash* (Clean Swell)	519,438	
	5	Bottle Caps (plastic)	409,855 🦿	
	6	Grocery Bags (plastic)	272,399	
	7	Straws, Stirrers	224,170 🐊	-
	8	Take Out/Away Containers (plastic)	222,289	
	9	Beverage Cans	162,750	
	10	Beverage Bottles (glass)	146,255	

*Other Trash refers to items that are collected by volunteers using the Clean Swell mobile app that do not fall in a specific category. These other items range in material type and size. Examples include indiscernible plastic pieces, clothing and metal pieces. Notably for 2020, it is likely that Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) items were logged in this category before a specific category was created for it on Clean Swell.

Legal Mechanisms

- Laws to restrict products
 - Plastic Bag Bans/Fees
 - EU Single Use Plastic Directive
 - Straws
 - EPS Foam Food Packaging Ban
- Local v. State Level
- Preemption
- Extended Producer Responsibility





Resources

https://www.BeyondPlastics.org

https://www.StoryofStuff.org

https://www.epa.gov/trash-free-waters

https://www.unep.org/interactive/beat-plastic-pollution/

https://www.plasticbaglaws.org/

Questions



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